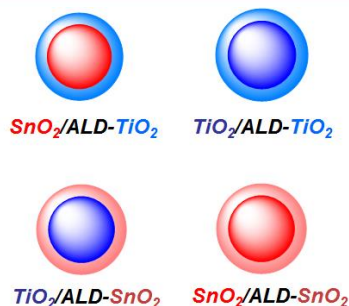


# SnO<sub>2</sub> ALD to Unlock the Secrets of Core/Shell Performance

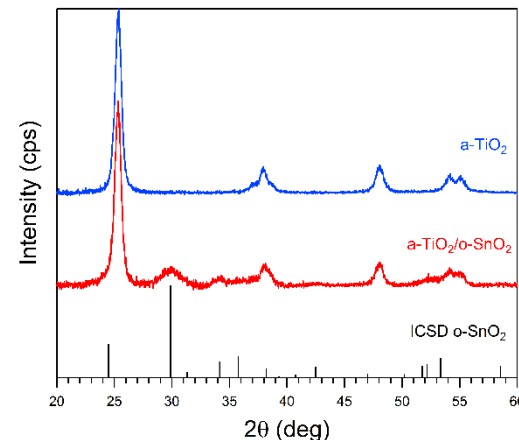
## Scientific Achievement

Atomic layer deposition (ALD) route to SnO<sub>2</sub> developed to access new core/shell structures.



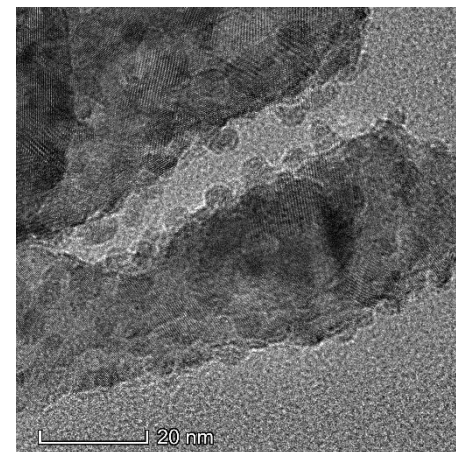
## Significance and Impact

Core/shell structures like SnO<sub>2</sub>/TiO<sub>2</sub> show excellent performance in photoanode applications, but the mechanism by which they do so is debated. Other core/shell structures are needed to probe the impact of shelling on electronic structure.



## Research Details

- ALD synthesis of SnO<sub>2</sub> is extremely sensitive to all ALD parameters, substrates, and precursors.
- With rutile substrates, rutile SnO<sub>2</sub> 'shells' are deposited.
- With anatase substrates, SnO shells are deposited; annealing produces o-SnO<sub>2</sub>, a rare phase typically observed at high T and P.
- After annealing, all TEM images reveal SnO<sub>2</sub> nanocrystals speckling the substrate, not conformal shells.



Mortelliti, M.; Wang, A.; Dempsey, J. L. *Manuscript in Preparation*

Work was performed at the University of North Carolina



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