Scientific Achievement

Found that recombination between electrons in metal oxides and oxidized chromophores is pH dependent for sensitized TiO₂ but not SnO₂.

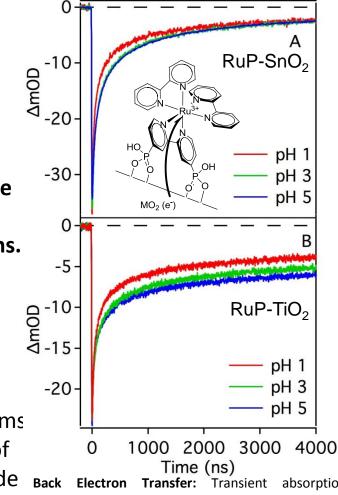
Significance and Impact

Interfacial charge recombination dynamics provide a new way to probe the complex electronic structure of the oxide semiconductors and the intricate charge transport mechanisms, information necessary for device applications.

Research Details

- Electrochemical measurements were used to probe the distribution of intra-band-gap trap states of metal oxide films under various conditions.
- As measured by transient absorption spectroscopy, back electron transfer dynamics in sensitized SnO₂ and TiO₂ films correlate with the distribution, identity and occupation of localized trap states within the nanocrystalline metal oxide films, which are pH specific.

Robin R. Knauf, M. Kyle Brennaman, Leila Alibabaei, Michael R. Norris, Jillian L. Dempsey. **2013**, *Submitted, J. Phys. Chem. C.*



Back Electron Transfer: Transient absorption measurements of (A) RuP–SnO₂ and (B) RuP–TiO₂ monitored at 400 nm following 532 nm excitation in aqueous HClO₄ solutions at various pH.

Work was performed at The University of North Carolina - Chapel Hill



















