Novel Light Harvesting Polymer Sensitizers in Solar Cells

Meyer

Scientific Achievement

Discovered that novel light-harvesting polymer sensitizers with high absorptivity and efficient energy-exciton transport resulted in a light to electric conversion efficiency.

Significance and Impact

A new path to develop novel conjugated polymers with pendant Ru(II) complexes, resulting in efficient light collection and energy transport for the application of next generation solar cells.

Research Details

- Ru(II)-loaded polyfluorene (PF-Ru) was covalently immobilized onto a metal oxide layer, creating a stable array on the TiO₂ films.
- Analysis by scanning electron microscopy (SEM) of bare TiO_2 film and polymer anchored TiO_2 film revealed an increase in the size of PF-Ru attached TiO_2 film.
- A light-to-electric conversion efficiency of PF-Ru sensitized solar cell exhibits the individual photo response for the PF and Ru(II) polypyridyl complex.

For photophysical studies see: Wang, L., Puodziukynaite, E., Vary, R.P., Grumstrup, E.M., Walczak, R.M., Zolotarskaya, O.Y., Schanze, K.S., Reynolds, J.R., Papanikolas, J.M.; *J. Phys. Chem. Lett.* **2012**, 3, 2453-2457.

Photoelectrochemistry: Puodziukynaite, E., Leem, G., Reynolds, J. R., Schanze, K. S., manuscript in preparation.





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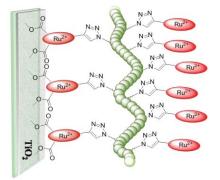
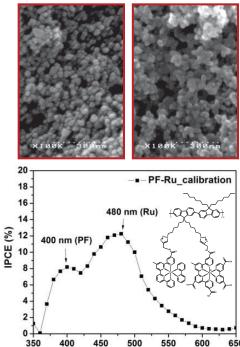
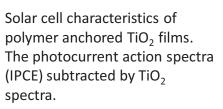


Illustration of transition metal coordinated functional polymers adsorbed on nanocrystalline TiO_2 with the surface anchoring group(s) at the polymer terminus end.



Immobilization of polymer sensitizers onto a nanocrystalline TiO₂ film. SEM images of bare TiO₂ surface (left) and PF-Ru anchored TiO₂ film (right).



Work was performed at University of Florida.



Wavelength (nm)



